

LITTAUER. GLOVES.

"Governments" Ho Med.

at Gloversville.

For the Army, With Letters,
Leap to Light.

Congressman From the 22d New York District Writes From Washington "We Have Already Begun to Cut \$50 Pair a Day of Government Gaunts"—Disclosures in Lyon Bankruptcy Proceedings—Also Some Extracts From

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There was a hearing yesterday in bank

ruptcy proceedings before United States Referee Stanley W. Dexter, at 71 Broadway. The developments at this hearing may be read with interest, perhaps with extraordinary interest in Washington, New

York and Albany, by politicians, Republicans and Democrats, and by merchants, especially those interested in the manufacture of gloves.

The hearing was the result of a petition made in April, 1902, by Edmond R. Lyonn, then of 238 Eighth avenue, to be permitted to

go through bankruptcy proceedings. Lyon's petition showed liabilities of \$30,000 and no assets. Two of Lyon's creditors, Littauer Bros., now of 715 Broadway, New York city, and 92 Main street, Gloversville, N. Y., were named in the petition.

15 West Twenty-eighth street, New York city, objected to Lyon's discharge in bankruptcy. These two firms put in the objection that "upon information and belief" the bankrupt put in fraudulent intent to conceal his true financial condition and

There was an array of lawyers present at the hearing yesterday. Hastings & Gleason represented Lyon. Paul M. Herzog appeared for Littauer Brothers, and Edgar A. Fellows for Revillon Frères. The hearing lasted most of the day. After all the evidence was submitted, the lawyers were directed to

submit briefs to Mr. Dexter within the next ten days as to whether Lyon should be declared a simon-pure bankrupt or not. Lyon

is now employed with the firm of Becker & Martin, 31 East Seventeenth street, New York city.

Dexter. He denied that he had attempted to conceal his financial condition, and said that he had no assets of any kind. He said that he had turned over all his books to the trustee in bankruptcy, Arnold L. Davis of 71 Broadway. He further declared that his books had been gone over by a firm of

Q. How were those accounts large? A. BY WHOM THE LARGE CONTRACT I HAD.

Q. WITH WHOM? A. WITH THE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT, U. S. A., AND MESSRS. LITTLER BROS."

Q. What were those contracts for? A. Buckskin gauntlets, muskrat gloves, muskrat caps, cotton duck, pajamas, flannel, dress caps.

contracts run? A. The whole of the time of the Spanish-American War.

Q. What period did they commence? A. 1897.

Q. Up to when? A. 1900.

Q. And during that period was that your principal business? A. About, yes, sir.

Q. And you say in connection with this business there was Littauer Bros.—did they have anything to do with the contract? A. They were in with me on the muskrat gauntlets and the muskrat caps.

Q. And they furnished the material? A. Yes.
 Q. They furnished a portion and I furnished a portion.
 Q. What portion did they furnish? A. The buckskin gauntlets. They furnished all of the muskrat gauntlets. They only furnished a portion of the muskrat and all of the glove part.
 Q. Did you not incur liabilities in connection with these parties? A. I did.
 Lyon testified that that some of the contracts in which he and Littauer Brothers were interested were to bring him a division of profits, and some of the gloves were on a

A. H. Gleason of the firm of **Hastings & Gleason** thereupon submitted to Lyon all of the contracts and documents listed

Representative Littauer's counsel, Mr. Herzog, who insisted that "these various things are absolutely irrelevant."

Lyon testified that during all these trans-

The Congress Directory, speaking of Representative Littauer, says "Lucius Nathan Littauer, Republican, of Gloversville, was born Jan. 20, 1859, in that city, came to New York city in 1885, was elected

ated there until he entered Harvard University and was graduated in 1878, immediately engaged in the glove manufacturing business of his father at Gloversville to which he succeeded in 1887, and is at the present engaged extensively therein; was elected to the Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Congresses, and reelected to the Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Congresses. His district includes the counties of Fulton, Hamilton, Saratoga and St. Lawrence.*

When Representative Littauer took his seat in Congress the first time in the Fifty-first session, and on each reelection, he had

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the State; that I take this obliga-